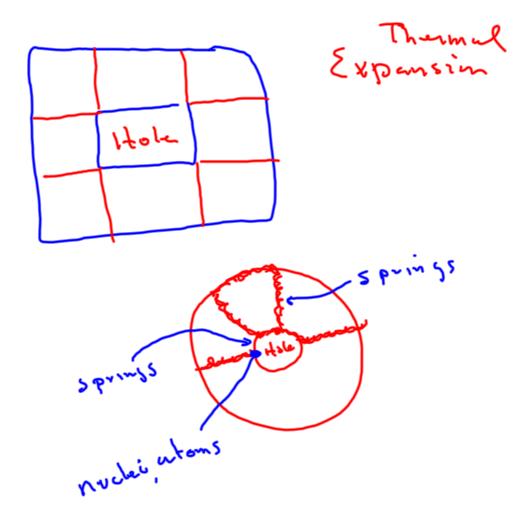
Reminders 11-07-07:

- -Chapter 8 Homework Due 11/8, skip problems 9 and 13!!!
- -Use Torque Conceptual Questions to study for next exam, key is posted.
- -Fluid Conceptual Questions due Today or you can email document with answers by Tuesday.
- -Take home problem in PowerPoint Due Today.
- -Exam 3 Wednesday.

Objectives:

- -Temperature
- -Thermal Expansion
- -Ideal Gases



When a person stands on tiptoe (a strenuous position), the position of the foot is as shown in Figure P8.16a. The total gravitational force on the body, \vec{F}_{σ} , is supported by the force \vec{n} exerted by the floor on the toes of one foot. A mechanical model of the situation is shown in Figure P8.16b, where T is the force exerted by the achilles tendon on the foot and \vec{R} is the force exerted by the fibia on the foot. Find the magnitudes of \vec{T} , \vec{R} , and θ when $\vec{F}_{\alpha} = 785$ N. You may not assume that \vec{R} is parallel to \vec{T} . Tro Temb Ruo Remis Achilles Ty . Two B Rue Rcools 18.0 cm Zfy = N- Rcos 15+ tcos 0 = 0 Zfy = Rsm 15- Tsin 0 = 0 Choose privat at T; sum tong us v(25) cose + Ry (.07) cose + Rx (.07) sin 0 = 0 ; cost = Rcos 15-n h(25) + Ry (07) [Reselt-10] + R + (.07) SIN 15 K =0 Ticze) + Reoriscon) [Rools-n] + Risini 15(.07) = 0 Simplify then we guadratic Formula to solve for R finally use the Force equations to solve for Ta D. Be careful with a subra, it's easy to make a mistake R=2240N 0321.2°