Reminders 11-22-10:

- -Read Chapter 12.
- -Exam 4 Wednesday December 1, Ch. 10-12.
- -We will discuss Heat Transfer CH. 11 in lab this Week
- -Watch for sig. fig questions on Final Exam.
- -Read and Understand Examples and Quick Quizzes in textbook for Chapters 10-12. Look for one or two of them on the next exam.
- -Final Exam Wednesday December 8 (THIS EXAM CANNOT BE ONE OF YOUR DROPPED EXAMS)

Objectives:

- -Work and Energy
- -PV Diagrams

Title: Aug 26-10:24 PM (1 of 5)

Isobanic process Q = BU + P&U = 3 nRat + nRat = 5 nRST = nCpST molar heat Cp = 5 R monatomic Capacity Cp: ZR dictomic at constant gas since U = ENRT pressure Isochnie WEO O= VV Q= 3 n Q T > n CV ST Cv = 3 R molan heat Capacity at Constant volume Cv= 5R for diatomic gas Since U= 3nRT/

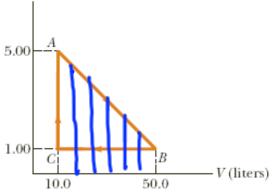
Title: Nov 22-4:46 PM (2 of 5)

• A gas is compressed at a constant pressure of 3.00 atm such that its volume decreases by $5.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{m}^3$. During the process 420J of heat is given off to its surroundings. What is ΔU for this process?

$$\Delta U = Q + W$$
 $W = (3 \text{ o.t.m})(101, 300)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-5.000)(-$

Title: Nov 22-4:46 PM (3 of 5)

A substance undergoes the cyclic process shown in Figure P12.51. Work output occurs along path AB while work input is required along path BC, and no work is involved in the constant volume process CA. Energy transfers by heat occur during each process involved in the cycle. $\frac{P(\text{atm})}{P(\text{atm})}$



- (a) What is the work output during process AB? 12200 J
- (b) How much work input is required during process BC? 4050 J
- (c) What is the net energy input Q during this cycle? 8150 J

One mole of an ideal gas is taken through the cycle shown in Figure P12.58, with n = 7 and m = 6. At point A, the pressure, volume, and temperature are P0, V0, and T0. In terms of R and T0, find each of the following. (Hint: Recall that work equals the area under a PV curve.)

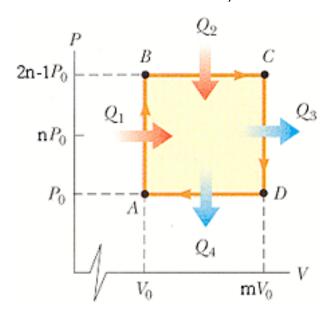


Figure P12.58

- (a) the total energy entering the system by heat per cycle 180 RT0
- (b) the total energy leaving the system by heat per cycle 120 RT0
- (c) the efficiency of an engine operating in this cycle 33.2%
- (d) the efficiency of an engine operating in a Carnot cycle between the temperature extremes for this process. 98.7%